

Two Minds

Behavior of the New Mind Spirit of God (Biblical Agape: System of Love)	Behavior of the Other Mind Spirit of the Adversary (Antagonistic behavior)
Good Zealous for good; dislikes evil — good is behavior that does not harm	Evil Secretly enjoys evil; denies good — evil is behavior that harms
Believer Belief & Hope in the Coming Goodness — there is a Power for good for all	Unbeliever Disbelief in any coming goodness — has little real hope of coming goodness
Kindness/Benevolence Good-hearted/Thoughtful/Considerate/	Unkindness/Malevolence Spiteful/Caustic/Bitter/Biting/Heartless/Cold/Cruel
Warmth Cordiality/Hospitality/Mindful/Passionate/Peaceful	Coldness Indifference/Disinterest/Detachment/Disregard
Harmony Seeks harmony; Less likely to emphasize the failings of others; flexible; amicable	Disharmony Generates disharmony; inflexible; uncompromising even when wrong
Compassion Merciful/Forgiving/Sympathetic/Forbearing	Uncompassion Unsympathetic/Heartless/Pitiless/Merciless
Unassuming Mild/Gentle/Humble/Genuine/Honest/Friendly — Behavior is realistic of one's worth	Arrogant Contemptuous/Scornful/Snobbish/Insulting/ Conceited/Overbearing/Egotistical/Pompous — Behavior is unrealistic of one's worth
Not self-centered — considerate of others ("I'm one among many")	Overly self-centered — less considerate of others ("I am the only one")
Forgiving — takes in the consideration of frailties; slow and careful when judging	Not Forgiving — takes little consideration of frailties; fast and careless when judging
Trustful Truthful/Honest/Open behavior/not a thief	Distrustful Liar/Cheater/Hides behavior/thievery behavior
Trends toward: Goodness; order; harmony; peace making; equitable compromising; considering the whole picture; keeping others in mind; harmless behavior; helping; problem-solving; healing; caring for others and one's environment; rightful-patience; edifying behavior; lack of jealousy; behaving toward others as you like them to behave toward you; etc.	Trends toward: Evil behavior; disorder; anarchy; agitation; nihilism; law-breaking; risky-harmful behavior; destruction; trouble-making; murder; lying; fault-finding; taking things out-of-context; evil manipulating; conniving; exploiting; bad parenting; selfishness; impatience; jealousy; sexual anarchy; rigidity in behavior, closed mindedness; laziness; too much control; etc.

What did Christ mean when he said: "Love your enemies." (Luke 6:27; Mat 5:44)

Note: You can love someone with Biblical Love (agape), but *not like* that person. Why? Because *agape love* is a *system* of behavior. Although *agape love* can include affection, it also includes hate of evil ways of those behaving badly. **When Christ said to love your enemy he was saying to use the system of love on them.** (Luke 6:27) You can dislike their behavior, even hate it, but you still use the system of love (agape love) on them.

**Because of the Other-Mind, that Old-Mind of the Old Age
Most behavior in the Old Age is a mixture of good and evil**

Read Paul's definition of love: 1 Cor 13:4-8

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